

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

## Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV



### SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** : Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV  
**UFI** : 2030-U0PU-T00J-YUXM

#### 1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

**Material uses** : Brake fluids.

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** : Kuwait Petroleum Companies in the Benelux  
Company Office: Brusselstraat 59, 2018 Antwerp, Belgium  
Contactaddress: Petroleumkaai 7, 2020 Antwerp, Belgium  
Tel. +32 3 247 38 11, Fax +32 3 216 03 42

**Manufacturer / Distributor** : Kuwait Petroleum Belgium N.V./S.A. / Q8Oils Italia S.r.l.  
Petroleumkaai 7 Via Volpedo 2  
B-2020 Antwerp 15050 Castellar Guidobono (AL)  
Belgium Italy

**e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS** : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

**PCN Information contact** : PCNinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone number

**Europe** : +44 (0) 1235 239 670

**Global (English only)** : +44 (0) 1865 407 333



#### National advisory body/Poison Center

**Belgium** : Poison Centre : +32 (0)70 245 245

### SECTION 2: Hazards identification

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

**Product definition** : Mixture

#### Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION Category 2 H361fd

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

**Ingredients of unknown toxicity** : None.

**Ingredients of unknown ecotoxicity** : None.

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

#### 2.2 Label elements

## SECTION 2: Hazards identification

### Hazard pictograms



<b>Signal word</b>	: Warning
<b>Hazard statements</b>	: H361fd - Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
<b>Precautionary statements</b>	
<b>General</b>	: P103 - Read carefully and follow all instructions. P102 - Keep out of reach of children. P101 - If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.
<b>Prevention</b>	: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use. P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection, or hearing protection.
<b>Response</b>	: P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.
<b>Storage</b>	: P405 - Store locked up.
<b>Disposal</b>	: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
<b>Hazardous ingredients</b>	: tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate
<b>Supplemental label elements</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Special packaging requirements</b>	
<b>Containers to be fitted with child-resistant fastenings</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Tactile warning of danger</b>	: Yes, applicable.

### 2.3 Other hazards

<b>Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII</b>	: This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.
<b>Other hazards which do not result in classification</b>	: None known.

## SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

### 3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate	REACH #: 01-2119462824-33 EC: 250-418-4 CAS: 30989-05-0	≥75 - ≤90	Repr. 2, H361fd	-	[1]
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475107-38 EC: 205-592-6 CAS: 143-22-6	≥10 - ≤15	Eye Dam. 1, H318	Eye Dam. 1, H318: C ≥ 30% Eye Irrit. 2, H319: 20% ≤ C < 30%	[1]

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### SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3,6,9,12-tetraoxahexadecan-1-ol	Index: 603-183-00-0 REACH #: 01-2120768763-41 EC: 216-322-1 CAS: 1559-34-8	≥1 - ≤3	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1]
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475100-52 EC: 203-906-6 CAS: 111-77-3 Index: 603-107-00-6	≤1	Repr. 1B, H360D	Repr. 1B, H360D: C ≥ 3%	[1] [2]
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	REACH #: 01-2119475104-44 EC: 203-961-6 CAS: 112-34-5 Index: 603-096-00-8	<1	Eye Irrit. 2, H319	-	[1] [2]

**See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.**

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

#### Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

### SECTION 4: First aid measures

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

##### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

## SECTION 4: First aid measures

- Eye contact** : No specific data.
- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

## SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

### 5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use dry chemical, CO<sub>2</sub>, alcohol-resistant foam or water spray (fog).
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : Do not use water jet.

### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

## SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

**6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

**Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

**Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

**6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.  
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.  
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

## SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. If during normal use the material presents a respiratory hazard, use only with adequate ventilation or wear appropriate respirator. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

**Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

### 7.3 Specific end use(s)

**Recommendations** : Not available.

**Industrial sector specific solutions** : Not available.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

### 8.1 Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p><b>Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021). Absorbed through skin.</b>                      TWA: 50.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                      TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p> <p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Absorbed through skin. Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b>                      TWA: 50.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                      TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.</p>
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<p><b>Limit values (Belgium, 5/2021).</b>                      STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.                      TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.                      TWA: 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                      STEL: 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.</p> <p><b>EU OEL (Europe, 1/2022). Notes: list of indicative occupational exposure limit values</b>                      TWA: 67.5 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.                      TWA: 10 ppm 8 hours.                      STEL: 101.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 15 minutes.                      STEL: 15 ppm 15 minutes.</p>

#### Biological exposure indices

No exposure indices known.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

#### DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate	DNEL	Long term Oral	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	4.1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.2 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	8.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	29.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.823 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	4.173 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	5.65 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	8.35 mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term	12 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General	Systemic

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Inhalation Long term Oral	12.5 mg/ kg bw/day	population General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	15.252 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	24 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	30.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	48 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	96 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	96 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Oral	103.4 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	125 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	200 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	208 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	400 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1.33 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2.22 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	7.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	30.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	50.1 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	6.25 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	67.5 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	101.2 mg/ m <sup>3</sup>	Workers	Local

### PNECs

No PNECs available.

### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Appropriate engineering controls

: If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

#### Individual protection measures

##### Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

## SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

- Eye/face protection** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.
- Skin protection**
- Hand protection** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 0.17 mm.
- Body protection** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Other skin protection** : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2.
- Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

### 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Appearance** : Clear.
- Color** : Colorless. to Amber.
- Odor** : Mild.
- Odor threshold** : Not available.
- Melting point/freezing point** : <-50°C (<-58°F) [SAE J 1703]
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : >260°C (>500°F) [SAE J 1703]
- Flammability** : Not applicable.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : Not available.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >100°C (>212°F) [ASTM D 93]
- Auto-ignition temperature** : >280°C (>536°F)
- Decomposition temperature** : >300°C
- pH** : 7 to 10.5 [SAE J 1703]
- Viscosity** : Kinematic (room temperature): 5 to 10 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (5 to 10 cSt) [ASTM D 445]  
Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): 7.9 mm<sup>2</sup>/s (7.9 cSt) [ASTM D 445]
- Solubility(ies)** :

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## SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

Media	Result
cold water	Easily soluble
hot water	Easily soluble

<b>Solubility in water</b>	: Not available.
<b>Miscible with water</b>	: Yes.
<b>Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water</b>	: 1.5 [OECD 117]
<b>Vapor pressure</b>	: 0.1 kPa (0.750061683 mm Hg)
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: 0.01 (butyl acetate = 100 = 1)
<b>Density</b>	: 1.02 to 1.07 g/cm <sup>3</sup> [20°C (68°F)] [DIN 51757]
<b>Vapor density</b>	: Not available.
<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	: Not applicable.
<b><u>Particle characteristics</u></b>	
<b>Median particle size</b>	: Not applicable.

### 9.2 Other information

#### 9.2.1 Information with regard to physical hazard classes

<b>Explosive properties</b>	: Not applicable.
<b>Oxidizing properties</b>	: Not applicable.

#### 9.2.2 Other safety characteristics

<b>Miscible with water</b>	: Yes.
<b>Evaporation rate</b>	: 0.01 (butyl acetate = 100 = 1)

## SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

<b>10.1 Reactivity</b>	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
<b>10.2 Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
<b>10.4 Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.5 Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>10.6 Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy] ethanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	5300 mg/kg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	2700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4500 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### Acute toxicity estimates

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## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol	5300	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	4500	2700	N/A	N/A	N/A

### Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20 mg	-
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-

### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis.
- Eyes** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Sensitization

#### Conclusion/Summary

- Skin** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Mutagenicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Carcinogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

### Reproductive toxicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Teratogenicity

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

- Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : No specific data.

## SECTION 11: Toxicological information

- Inhalation** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations
- Ingestion** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
reduced fetal weight  
increase in fetal deaths  
skeletal malformations

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.
- General** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Reproductive toxicity** : Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### 11.2 Information on other hazards

#### 11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

#### 11.2.2 Other information

Not available.

## SECTION 12: Ecological information

### 12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV	LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish - <i>Oncorhynchus Mykiss</i>	96 hours
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy] ethanol	EC50 >500 mg/l	Aquatic plants	72 hours
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	EC50 500 to 6600 mg/l	Daphnia	48 hours
	Acute EC50 >930 ppm Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7500 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	Acute LC50 1300 ppm Fresh water	Fish - <i>Lepomis macrochirus</i>	96 hours

**Conclusion/Summary** : Practically non-toxic to aquatic organisms.

### 12.2 Persistence and degradability

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## SECTION 12: Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy] ethanol	OECD 302B	100 % - 28 days	-	-
	OECD 301E	88 to 92 % - 28 days	-	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : This product is inherently biodegradable.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate	-	-	Readily
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy] ethanol	-	-	Readily

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP <sub>ow</sub>	BCF	Potential
Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV	1.5	-	Low
tris[2-[2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethoxy]ethyl] orthoborate	<3	-	Low
2-[2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethoxy] ethanol	0.51	<100	Low
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	-0.47	-	Low
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	1	-	Low

### 12.4 Mobility in soil

**Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>)** : Not available.

**Mobility** : Low mobility in soil predicted, based on log Kow < 3.0.

### 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

### 12.7 Other adverse effects

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

#### Product

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

**Hazardous waste** : Yes.

**European waste catalogue (EWC)**

Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV

## SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste code	Waste designation
16 01 13*	brake fluids

### Packaging

**Methods of disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

**Special precautions** : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
<b>14.1 UN number or ID number</b>	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
<b>14.2 UN proper shipping name</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.3 Transport hazard class(es)</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.4 Packing group</b>	-	-	-	-
<b>14.5 Environmental hazards</b>	No.	No.	No.	No.

**14.6 Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)**

**Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization**

**Annex XIV**

None of the components are listed.

**Substances of very high concern**

None of the components are listed.

**Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles**

Product/ingredient name	%	Designation [Usage]
Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV	≥90	3
2-(2-methoxyethoxy)ethanol	≤1	54
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	<1	55 [Consumer paint]

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

**Labeling** : Not applicable.

### Other EU regulations

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air** : Not listed

**Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water** : Not listed

**Explosive precursors** : Not applicable.

### Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

### Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

### Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

### Seveso Directive

This product is not controlled under the Seveso Directive.

### National regulations

#### Germany

**Hazard class for water (WGK)** : 1

#### Switzerland

**VOC content** : Exempt.

### International regulations

#### Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### Inventory list

**Australia** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Canada** : All components are listed or exempted.

**China** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Eurasian Economic Union** : **Russian Federation inventory**: All components are listed or exempted.

**Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL)**: All components are listed or exempted.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.

**New Zealand** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Philippines** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Republic of Korea** : All components are listed or exempted.

**Taiwan** : All components are listed or exempted.

## SECTION 15: Regulatory information

<b>Thailand</b>	: Not determined.
<b>Turkey</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.
<b>United States of America</b>	: All components are active or exempted.
<b>Viet Nam</b>	: All components are listed or exempted.

<b>15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment</b>	: This product contains substances for which Chemical Safety Assessments are still required.
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## SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

<b>Abbreviations and acronyms</b>	: ADN = European Provisions concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Inland Waterway ADR = The European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ASTM = American Society for Testing and Materials ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor CAS = Chemical Abstracts Service CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008] DIN = German Institute for Standardization DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level DNEL = Derived No Effect Level EC = European Commission EC50 = Half maximal effective concentration EN = European Standard (Norm) EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement GHS - Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IC50 = Half maximal inhibitory concentration IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods IMO = International Maritime Organisation ISO = International Organization for Standardization LC50 = Median lethal concentration LD50 = Median lethal dose LOAEL / LOAEC = Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available NOAEL / NOAEC = No Observed Adverse Effect Level / Concentration NOEL / NOEC = No Observed Effect Level / Concentration OECD = Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development OEL = Occupational Exposure Limit PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration REACH = Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006] RID = The Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail SDS = Safety Data Sheet SVHC = Substances of Very High Concern STEL = Short Term Exposure Limit TLV = Threshold Limit Value TWA = Time Weighted Average UFI = Unique Formula Identifier UN = United Nations VOC = Volatile Organic Compound vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative
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[Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation \(EC\) No. 1272/2008 \[CLP/GHS\]](#)

Q8 Brake Fluid DOT 4 LV

## SECTION 16: Other information

Classification	Justification
Repr. 2, H361fd	Calculation method

### Full text of abbreviated H statements

H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H360D	May damage the unborn child.
H361fd	Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

### Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Eye Dam. 1	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 1
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Repr. 1B	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
Repr. 2	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2

<b>Training advice</b>	: Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.
<b>Date of printing</b>	: 29-11-2023
<b>Date of issue/ Date of revision</b>	: 29-11-2023
<b>Date of previous issue</b>	: 16-06-2023
<b>Version</b>	: 1.05
<b>Prepared by</b>	: Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

### Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.